# Where Are We Going With Global and U.S. Trade?

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https://aede.osu.edu/research/andersons-program

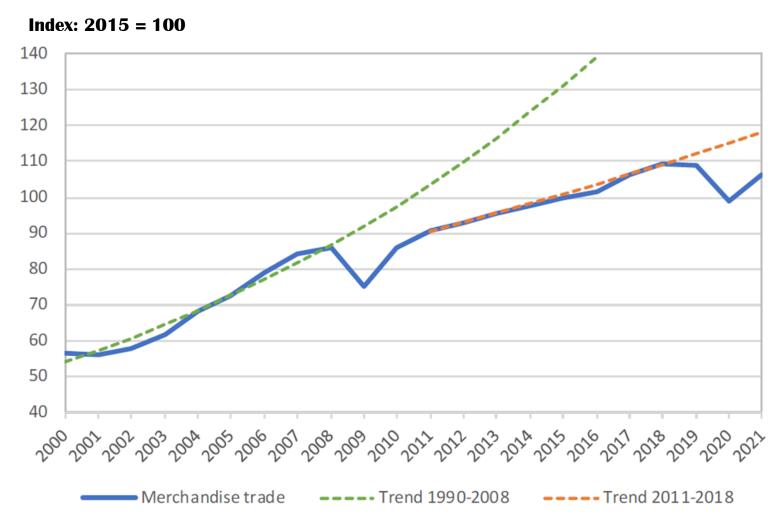
2021 Agricultural Policy and Winter Outlook Ohio State University January 5, 2021



#### Global Trade and the Pandemic

- ♦ Global trade forecast to decline by 9.2% in 2020, followed by 7.2% rise in 2021 (WTO)
- ♦ Could have been worse April forecast was a 13-32% decline (WTO)
- ♦ Considerable uncertainty about trajectory of trade for rest of 2020 into 2021 – especially with resurgence of COVID-19
- ♦ Macroeconomic and trade policy critical to mitigating impact of pandemic on trade and GDP

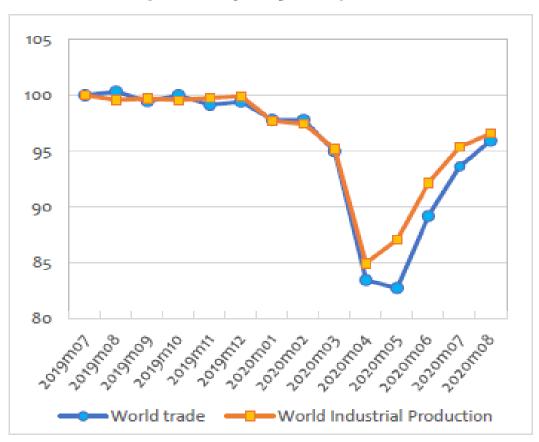
#### **Global Trade**



Source: WTO (October 2020)

#### **Global Trade and GDP**

World Trade and World Industrial Production (Index July 2019 = 100)

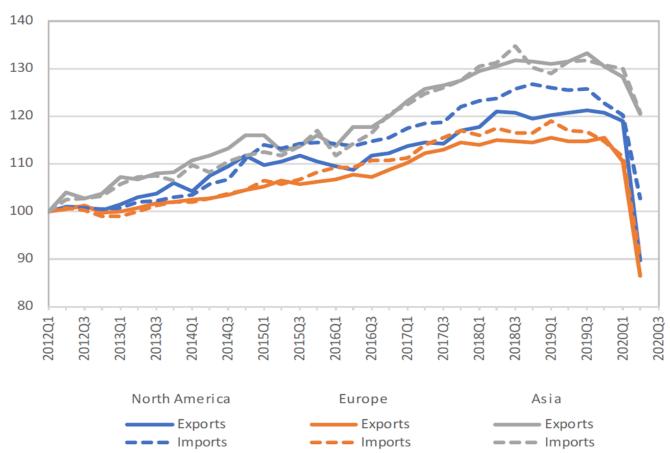


**Source: CPB World Trade Monitor (2020)** 

#### Regional Impacts of Pandemic

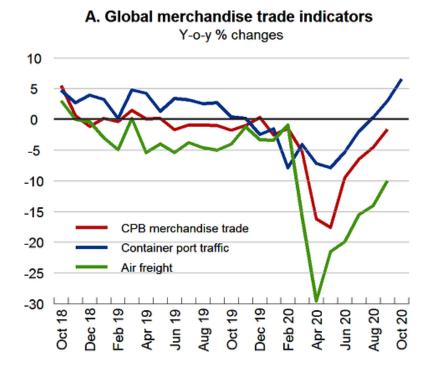
#### Exports and Imports by Region, 2012Q1-2020Q2

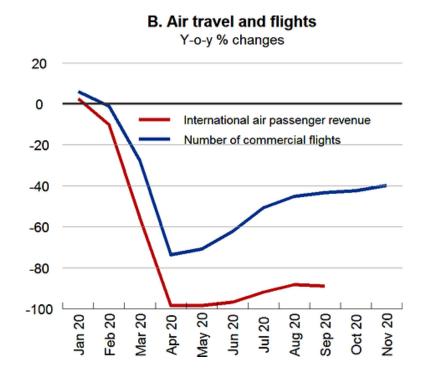
Index: 2012:Q1 = 100



**Source: WTO and UNCTAD (October 2020)** 

#### **Pandemic and Transport Modes**

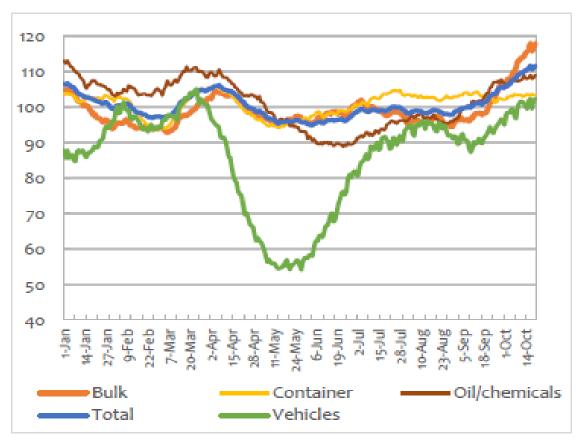




**Source: OECD (December 2020)** 

#### **Pandemic and Product Types**

B. Estimated Metric Tons of World Exports (30-day moving average in ratio to 2017-19 average)



Source: Cerdeiro et al., (2020)

#### **Pandemic and Value Chains**

- Double-dip in global trade as first China, then Europe and North America shut down
- ♦ Vehicle trade experienced largest initial decline, but recovered very fast
- ◆ Appears trade declined at extensive not intensive margin, i.e., firms cut volume of exports rather than reshoring production
- Likely due to high sunk costs of establishing global value chains, and pandemic not yet perceived as a persistent shock

#### Downside vs. Upside Risks

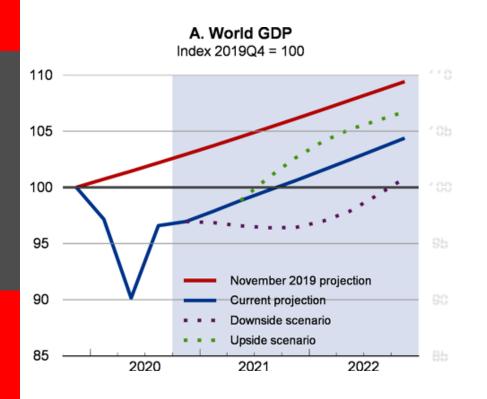
#### **Downside:**

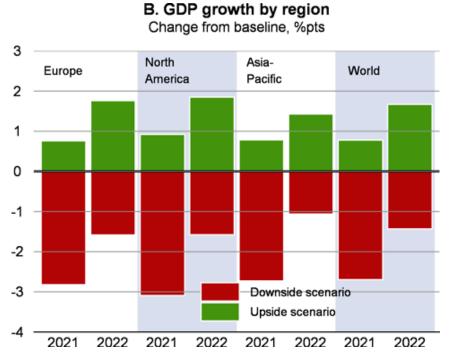
- Resurgence of COVID-19 requiring lockdowns could reduce global GDP growth by 2-3% in 2021
- Uncertain outlook for fiscal policy and high rates of unemployment in many countries – could reduce global trade by 4% in 2021

#### **♦** <u>Upside</u>:

- Rapid deployment of vaccine could boost confidence and raise global GDP growth by 1-2%, and global trade by 3% in 2021
- Trade may also be affected by growth in technology sectors, and leveraging of information technology

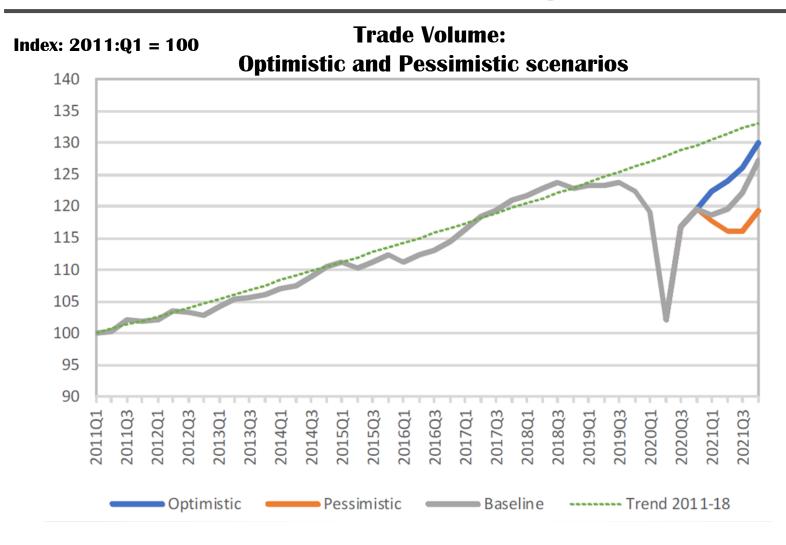
#### **GDP Projections**





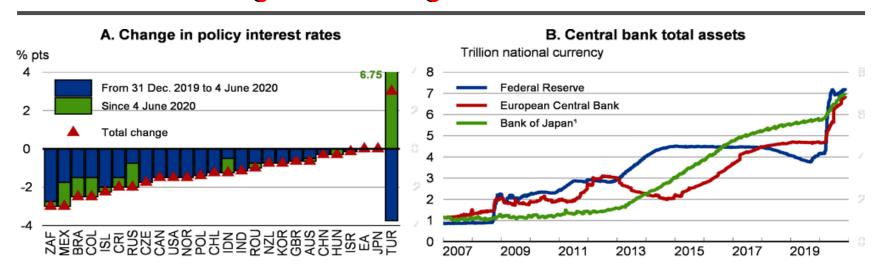
Source: OECD (December 2020)

#### Global Trade Projections

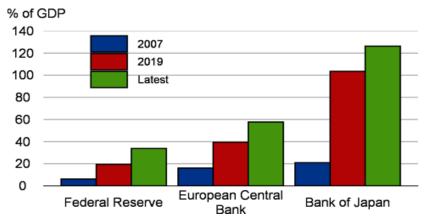


Source: WTO (October 2020)

#### **Monetary Policy and Pandemic**



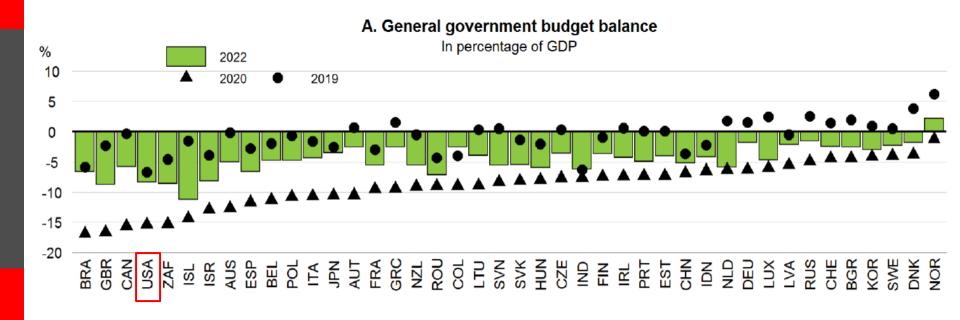




- little "wiggle" room on interest rates
- focus on asset purchases

Source: OECD (December 2020)

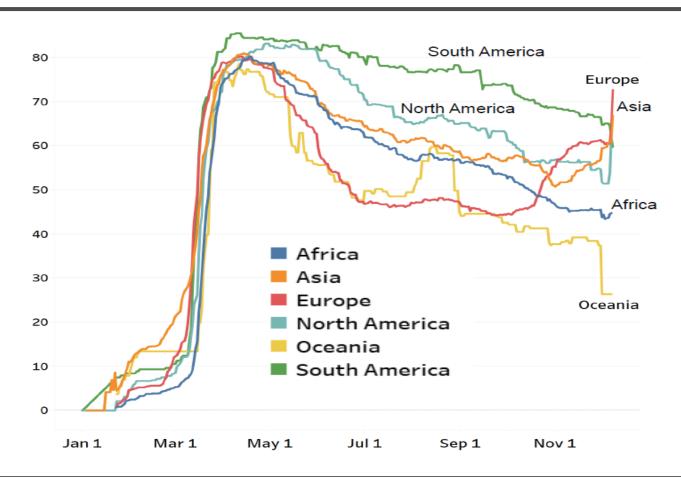
#### Fiscal Policy and Pandemic



key will be targeting

**Source: OECD (December 2020)** 

### Stringency of COVID-19 Rules



Oxford Stringency Index: includes 1) school closings, 2)workplace closings, 3)cancellation of public events, 4)restrictions on gatherings, 5)closing public transport, 6)Stay at home orders, 7)Restrictions on internal movement, 8) International travel controls

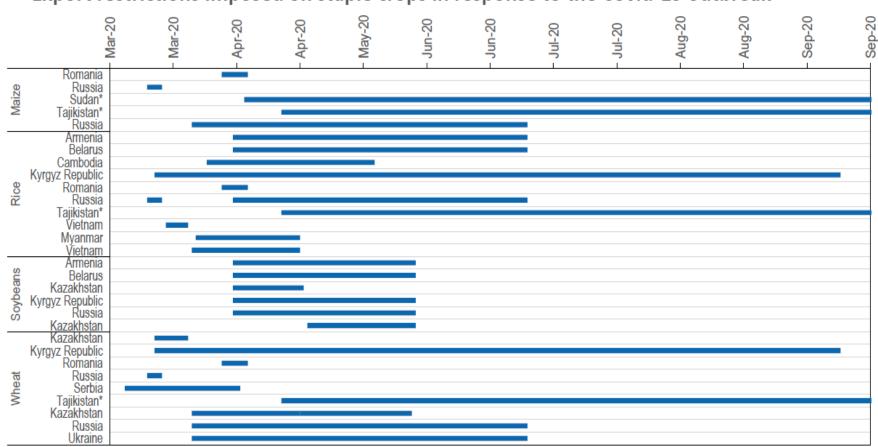
**Source: University of Oxford (December 2020)** 

#### Global Agricultural Trade

- Initial focus on food security: export restrictions and stockpiling
- ♦ <u>But</u> agricultural trade proved resilient, exports rising by end of May, with variation across countries
- **Reflects:** 
  - essential nature of food
  - bulk marine shipments of commodities (cereals and oilseeds) were not subject to major disruptions
- **©** Conceals variation across products:
  - increased demand for staples, processed fruits and vegetables (panic buying/eating at home)
  - reduced exports of fresh produce, dairy and meat (decline in food service demand and tourism)

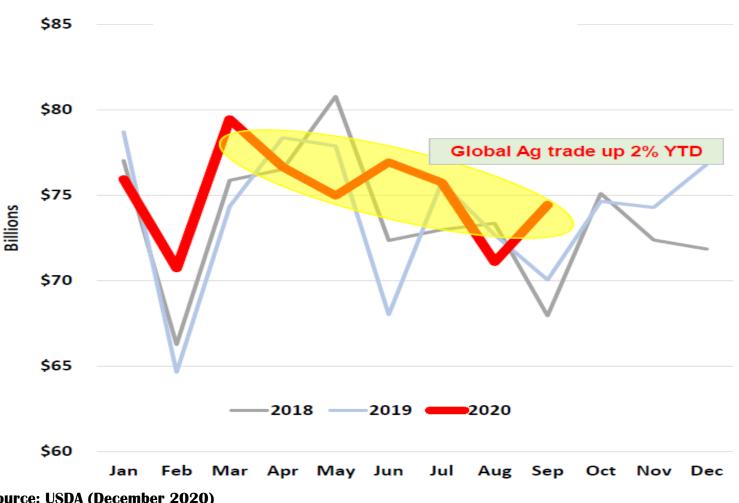
# **Agricultural Export Restrictions**

Export restrictions imposed on staple crops in response to the Covid-19 outbreak



**Source: OECD (September 2020)** 

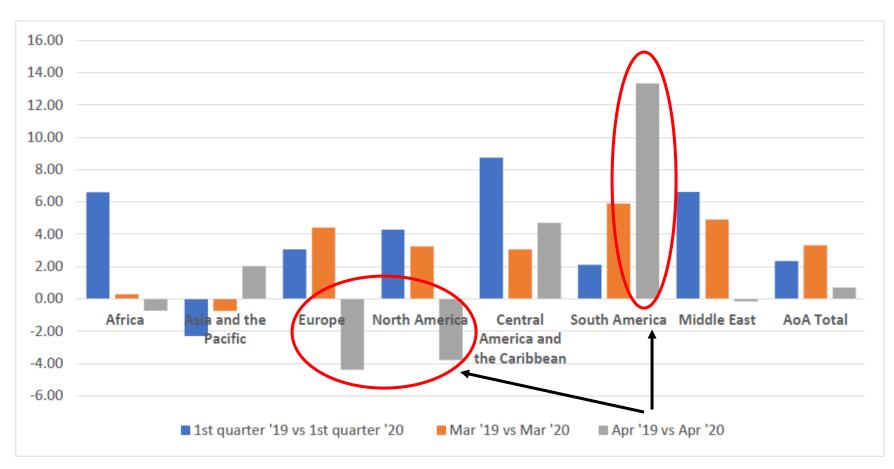
# Global Agricultural Trade



**Source: USDA (December 2020)** 

# Agricultural Exports by Region

#### % change

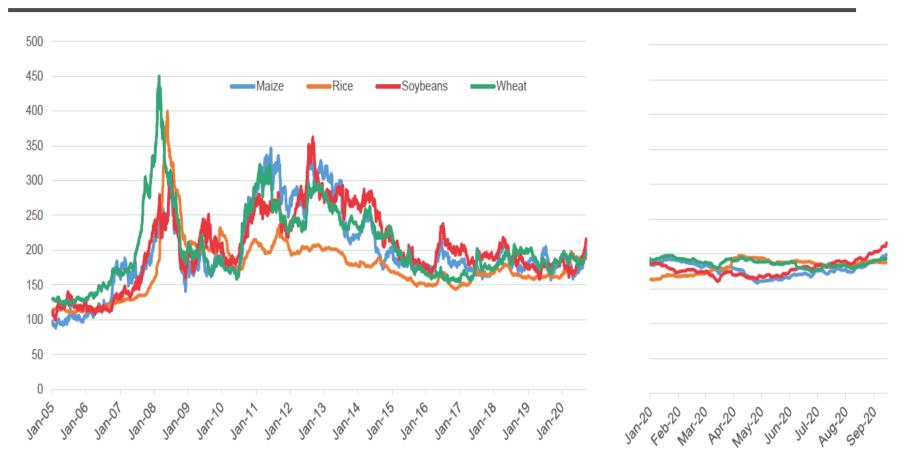


**Source: WTO Secretariat (August 2020)** 

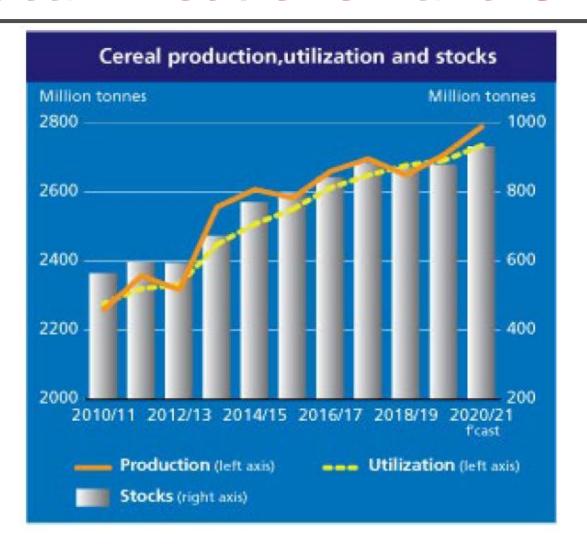
#### Global Agricultural Trade

- **♦ Agricultural commodity prices quite stable**
- ♦ Stocks and production levels for key staples at alltime highs – i.e., no reason health crisis turns into global food security crisis
- ♦ <u>However</u>, by end of 2020, 270 million expected to be acutely food insecure 82% increase on prepandemic (World Food Program)
- Critical to keep trade flows open and supply chains operational

# **Agricultural Commodity Prices**

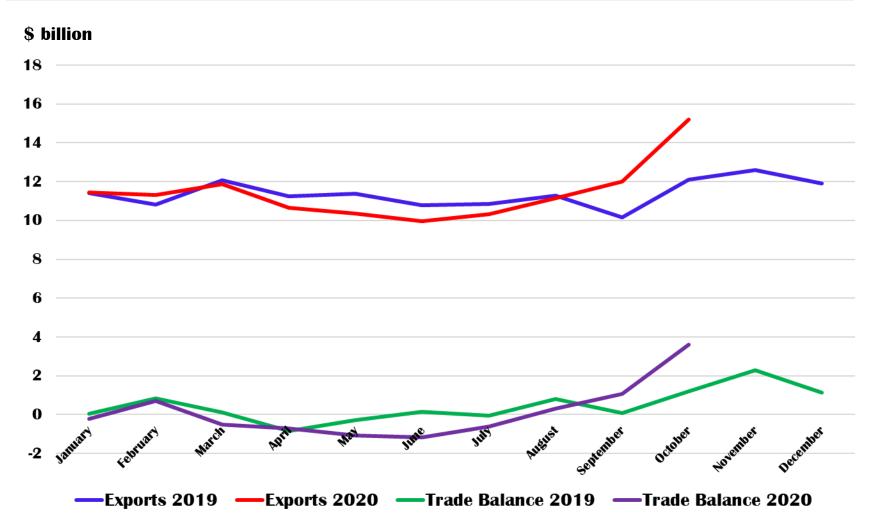


#### **Global Production and Stocks**



**Source: FAO (2020)** 

# U.S. Agricultural Trade



Source: USDA/ERS December 28, 2020

### U.S. Agricultural Trade in 2021\*

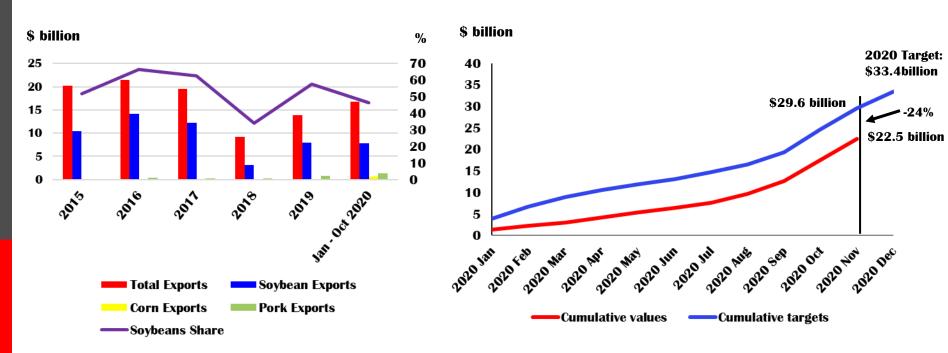
- ◆ Agricultural exports projected at \$152.0 billion for 2021 – an increase of 12% over 2020
- Soybean exports projected to hit \$26.3 billion due to higher prices, strong demand from China, and record volumes
- ♦ Likewise, for corn exports, which are expected to reach \$13.2 billion
- ♦ Exports to China projected to be at record \$27 billion will become largest U.S. export market for first time since 2017

<sup>\*</sup>USDA/WASDE (November 23, 2020)

#### U.S. - China Agricultural Trade

U.S. Agricultural Exports to China

Phase 1 Agreement: U.S. Export Values vs. 2020 Target



**Source: USDA/FAS, November 2020** 

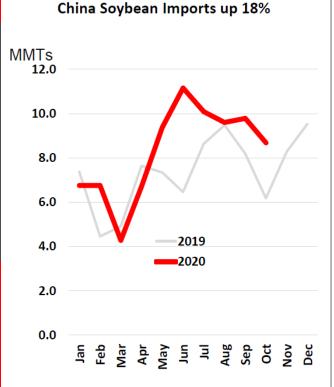
**Source: PIIE, November 2020** 

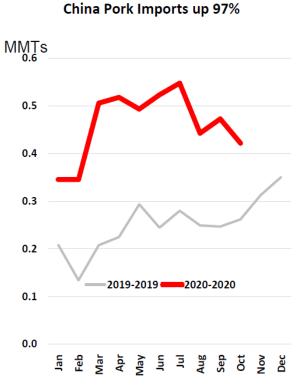
#### U.S. - China Agricultural Trade

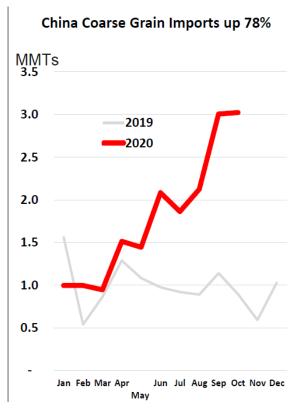
- Significant growth in soybean and coarse grain exports – driven by faster than expected rebuilding of China's hog population (IFPRI)
- Chinese grain buying also driven by stocks rundown and weather damage to corn crop
- ♦ U.S. exports also benefited from problems in Black Sea region, China-Australia trade dispute, and concerns about South America
- ♦ USDA forecasts China as top U.S. export market in 2021 first time since 2017
- ♦ Is it transient or not? (Seth Meyer, 1/24/20)

### Growth in U.S. Exports to China









**Source: USDA (2020)** 

#### Future of U.S. Trade Policy?

- ♦ House Ways and Means trade lawyer Katherine Tai nominated as new U.S. Trade Representative
- Current tariffs against China will be reviewed by incoming Biden administration
- ♦ Likely coalition will be sought with allies to set trade rules and isolate China
- Support for WTO reform and U.S. leadership in setting new trade rules
- ♦ End "trade war" with EU, and seek to resolve Boeing-Airbus export subsidy dispute
- But: unlikely to see U.S. in new FTA negotiations